## **Oregon Cascades Birding Trail Checklist**

Although over 300 species of birds have occurred in the Oregon Cascades, the following is a checklist of bird species that occur with some regularity in the area of the Oregon Cascades Birding Trail. The following symbols are used to indicate the relative ease of detecting (seeing or hearing) these species of birds during a given season:

- Very rarely detected
- Rarely detected
- Occasionally detected
- Regularly detected
- Very regularly detected

These symbols are not intended to indicate relative abundance. Some birds such as owls may be difficult to detect even if fairly common. Other birds such as Osprey are conspicuous and hence easy to detect, even if they are present only in small numbers.

For species that breed in the Oregon Cascades, primary nesting habitats are noted in the right-hand column. A question mark (?) indicates breeding is suspected but has not been confirmed.

For species that breed regularly only in specific regions of the Oregon Cascades, the most expected zones are indicated as follows:

- C Cascade crest (high elevations)
- L Lower elevations (Cascade foothills)
- E East side of Cascades crest
- W West side of Cascades crest
- N Northern portion of Oregon Cascades
- S Southern portion of Oregon Cascades

Individuals of almost any species may occasionally be found nesting outside of the indicated typical habitats and zones. More detailed information on the breeding bird status in the Oregon Cascades is available in the Oregon Breeding Bird Atlas, published by Oregon Field Ornithologists, P.O. Box 10373, Eugene, OR 97440.

#### **Detectability**

Likelihood of the average birder seeing or hearing birds in suitable habitat and optimal weather:

**Very rare** – Very few records of presence, and/or extremely difficult to detect

**Rare** – not present annually or extremely isolated in range, and often very difficult to detect

**Occasional** – annual but not always present and sometimes difficult to detect

Regular - present but not always detected

**Very regular** – likely to be detected on any outing in suitable habitat

	lU	ics bildii	18 11
SPSU	F W	Species	Nesting habita
		Pacific Loon	
	• •	Common Loon	High mountain lakes (
• •	• •	Pied-billed Grebe	Wetlands (L)
• •	• -	Horned Grebe	Marshes (SE)
		Red-necked Grebe	Marshes (SE)
• •	• -	Eared Grebe	Marshes (SE)
• •	• •	Western Grebe	Marshes (SE)
- •	• -	Clark's Grebe	Marshes (SE)
•	• •	Double-crested Cormorant	Marshes (E)
• •	• -	American Bittern	Wetlands (L)
	••	Great Blue Heron	Wetlands (L)
• •	• -	Great Egret	Marshes (SE)
• •	• -	Green Heron	Wetlands (L)
• •		Black-crowned Night-Heron	Marshes (L)
	• -	Turkey Vulture	Widespread
-	• •	Greater White-fronted Goose	
	• -	Snow Goose	
		Canada Goose	Wetlands
-	• •	Tundra Swan	
	••	Wood Duck	Wetlands
• •	• •	Gadwall	Wetlands (E)
-	• •	Eurasian Wigeon	
••		American Wigeon	Wetlands (E)
		Mallard	Wetlands
• •	• -	Blue-winged Teal	Wetlands (E)
	• -	Cinnamon Teal	Wetlands (L)
	•••	Northern Shoveler	Wetlands (E)
•	•	Northern Pintail	Wetlands (E)
		Green-winged Teal	
• •	• •	Canvasback	Marshes (SE)
		Redhead	Marshes (SE)
		Ring-necked Duck	Marshes
		Greater Scaup Lesser Scaup	M-H
• =		larleguin Duck	Wetlands (E)
		Bufflehead	Rivers (NW)
•		Dulliclicau	Lakes (C)
•	•	Common Goldeneye	
• •	• •	Barrow's Goldeneye	Lakes (C)
		barron o dordonojo	Lunoo (o)
••	•	Hooded Merganser	Rivers, ponds
••		Common Merganser	Lakes, rivers
• •	••	Ruddy Duck	Marshes (E)
	• -	Osprey	Lakes, rivers
•		Bald Eagle	Lakes, rivers
•	••	Northern Harrier	Wet meadow (L)
• •	• •	Sharp-shinned Hawk	Forest
• •	• •	Cooper's Hawk	Forest, woodland
• •	• •	Northern Goshawk	Forest
			Widespread
• •	• -	Ferruginous Hawk	-
•	•	Rough-legged Hawk	
• •	• •	Golden Eagle	Cliffs
		American Kestrel	Open areas
		29	

SP	SU	F	w s	pecies	Nesting habitat
_	_		<ul><li>N</li></ul>	lerlin	
•	•			eregrine Falcon	Cliffs
•				rairie Falcon	Cliffs (E)
•				uffed Grouse	Mixed forest
•	•	•		lue Grouse	Conifer forest
				lountain Quail	
				alifornia Quail	Brushy slopes
•		_			Developed areas
•	•	•		irginia Rail	Wetlands (L)
•				ora	Wetlands
				merican Coot	Wetlands (L)
•	•	•		Ihill Crane	Wet meadows (C,SE)
•	•	•		ipalmated Plover	
_				illdeer	Open ground (L)
•		-		k-necked Stilt	Marshes (SE)
•	•			rican Avocet	Marshes (SE)
•				ter Yellowlegs	
•	•			er Yellowlegs	
•	-			ary Sandpiper	High elevation bogs
				potted Sandpiper	Lakes, streams
•				ern Sandpiper	
•		•	- L	east Sandpiper	
-	•	•	Baird	d's Sandpiper	
-	•	•	Pect	oral Sandpiper	
•	-	•	• D	unlin	
-	•	•	Shor	t-billed Dowitcher	
•		•	- L	ong-billed Dowitcher	
			<ul><li>W</li></ul>	/ilson's Snipe	Wet meadows
•		•	Wils	on's Phalarope	Wetlands (E)
-	•	•	Red-	necked Phalarope	
-	•	•	- B	onaparte's Gull	
-		•	<ul><li>N</li></ul>	lew Gull	
			<ul><li>R</li></ul>	ing-billed Gull	Marshes (SE)(?)
•			• C	alifornia Gull	Marshes (SE)(?)
-		•	• H	erring Gull	
-		•	• G	laucous-winged Gull	
•	•	•		oian Tern	Marshes (SE),
					Columbia River Gorge (?)
_	•	_	Fors	ter's Tern	Marshes (SE)
•	•	_	Blac	k Tern	Marshes (SE)
•	•	•	• R	ock Dove	Towns, farms, cliffs
•		•	- B	and-tailed Pigeon	Mixed forests (W)
				lourning Dove	Open areas (L)
•	•	•		arn Owl	Agricultural areas, cliffs
•	•	•	_	mulated Owl	Pine forests (E)
	•	•		/estern Screech-Owl	Woodlands, mixed forest
				reat Horned Owl	Open areas
•	•	•	_	orthern Pygmy-Owl	Conifer, mixed forest
		_		potted Owl	Old-growth forest
•	•	_		arred Owl	Mixed forests
•				reat Gray Owl	Conifer forest meadows
•				ong-eared Owl	
-	_			hort-eared Owl	Juniper woodland (S,E)
_	-	_	_		Wet meadows (L)
_	_	_		oreal Owl orthern Saw-whet Owl	Subalpine forest(?)
•	•	•	• 1/	ormeni 29m-Muet AMI	Conifer forest

Nesting habitat

SP SU F W Species

### SP SU F W Species

- · Common Nighthawk Common Poorwill
- Black Swift
- Vaux's Swift
- · White-throated Swift
- Black-chinned Hummingbird
- · Anna's Hummingbird
- · Calliope Hummingbird
- ■ Rufous Hummingbird
- ■ Belted Kingfisher
- Lewis' Woodpecker
- Acorn Woodpecker
- Williamson's Sapsucker
- Red-naped Sapsucker
- Red-breasted Sapsucker
- Downy Woodpecker Hairy Woodpecker
- White-headed Woodpecker
- Three-toed Woodpecker
- Black-backed Woodpecker
- Northern Flicker
- · Pileated Woodpecker
- Olive-sided Flycatcher
- Western Wood-Pewee
- Willow Flycatcher
- Hammond's Flycatcher
- Gray Flycatcher
- Dusky Flycatcher
- Pacific-slope Flycatcher
- Say's Phoebe
- Ash-throated Flycatcher
- Western Kingbird
- Loggerhead Shrike
- Northern Shrike
- Cassin's Vireo
- Hutton's Vireo
- · Warbling Vireo
- • Gray Jay ■ ■ ■ Steller's Jay
- • Western Scrub-Jay
- · Pinyon Jay
- Clark's Nutcracker
- Black-billed Magpie
- American Crow
- ■ Common Raven
- Horned Lark
- Purple Martin
- Tree Swallow
- ■ Violet-green Swallow
- Northern Rough-winged Swallow
- Bank Swallow

### **Nesting habitat**

- Bare ground Rimrock (F.C.) Waterfalls (?)
- Forest snags Dry canyons (E)
- Open woodland (E,C) Developed areas (L)
- Riparian, forest edges (E,C)
- Forest edges
- Riverbanks
- Burns, open forest (E,SW)
- Oak woodlands (S)
- Conifer forests (E) Aspens, cottonwoods (E)
- Mixed forests
- Riparian woodlands
- Mature forests Mature ponderosa (E) Burns, lodgepole (C.E)
- Burns, lodgepole (C,E) Widespread
- Mature conifer forests
- Onen forest, edges Mixed forest
- Streamside or forest
- edges (W)
- Open forests Juniper woodlands,
- sagebrush (E.L) Shrubby conifer forest
- (E.C) Mixed forests (W);
- Cordilleran may also occur (E) Grassland, sage (E,L)
- Oaks (SW), juniper woodland (E)
- Grassland (E.L) Sagebrush (E,L)
- Mixed forest Mixed forest (W) Rinarian thickets
- Conifer forests (C) Conifer/mixed forest
- Oak woodlands (L) Junipers (F)
- Conifer forest (C)
- Rangeland (E)
- Farmland, towns (L)
- Widespread Sagebrush (E), alpine (?)
- Forest openings (W,L)
- Forests near water
- Widespread Stream banks
- Stream banks (E)

### SP SU F W Species

- Cliff Swallow
- ■ Barn Swallow
- ● Black-capped Chickadee
- Mountain Chickadee Chestnut-backed Chickadee
- Oak Titmouse
- Bushtit
- ■ Red-breasted Nuthatch White-breasted Nuthatch
  - Pygmy Nuthatch
- Brown Creeper
- Rock Wren
- Canyon Wren
  - Bewick's Wren
- Marsh Wren

- Western Bluebird
- ● Swainson's Thrush
- Hermit Thrush
- ■ American Robin
- Varied Thrush
- Sage Thrasher
- American Pipit
- Cedar Waxwing
  - Orange-crowned Warbler

- Hermit Warbler
- Northern Waterthrush
- MacGillivray's Warbler
- Common Yellowthroat
- Wilson's Warbler

- ■ Spotted Towhee
- Chipping Sparrow
- Vesper Sparrow

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### **Nesting habitat**

- Cliffs, structures Structures
- Conifer forest (W,C)
- Deciduous woods shrubland (L)

- House Wren
- ■ Winter Wren
- American Dipper
- Golden-crowned Kinglet
- Ruby-crowned Kinglet
- Mountain Bluebird
- Townsend's Solitaire

- Wrentit
- European Starling

- Nashville Warbler
- Yellow Warbler
- Yellow-rumped Warbler
- Black-throated Gray Warbler
- Townsend's Warbler
- American Redstart

- Yellow-breasted Chat Western Tanager
- Green-tailed Towhee
- Brewer's Sparrow

- Deciduous woods
- Oak woodland (SW)
- Conifer/mixed forest
- Ponderosa pines (F)
- Rocky outcrops (E)
- Brushy edges (W,L) Mixed woods
- Marshes (L)
- Rushing streams Conifer forest
- Oaks, burns
- clearcuts (E,C)
- Conifer forest
- Conifer forest (W.C)
- Developed areas

- Mixed woods manzanita
- Riparian woods
- (Audubon's race)
- Conifer forests
- Streamside thickets:
- rare & localized (E) Forest edges, shrubs
- Moist thickets Stream thickets (L)
- Open forests

- Conifer, mixed forest (E,C)
- Oak & pine woodland
- Conifer/mixed forest
- Cliffs, outcrops (E)
- Moist forest (W,NE)
- Conifer forest (C)
- Open areas, burns,
- Open forests
- Mixed forest
- Widespread
- Scrub thickets (SW)
- Sagebrush (E,L)
- Alpine meadows (C)
- Deciduous woods Mixed woods
- shrubs (SW,E,C)
- Conifer forests
- Mixed woods Conifer forests (C)
- rare & localized (F) Streamside thickets;
- Thickets
- Conifer/mixed forest Brushy slopes (E) Edges, thickets
- Sagebrush (E) Grass, sagebrush

## Northern Spotted Owl

- SP SU F W Species
- Lark Sparrow
  - Savannah Sparrow
- "Thick-billed" Fox Sparrow "Sooty" Fox Sparrow
- ■ Song Sparrow Lincoln's Sparrow

● ■ ■ White-crowned Sparrow

White-throated Sparrow

- Golden-crowned Sparrow
- ■ ■ Dark-eyed Junco
- Black-headed Grosbeak Lazuli Bunting
- Red-winged Blackbird Tricolored Blackbird
- Yellow-headed Blackbird ■ ■ ■ Brewer's Blackbird

Western Meadowlark

- ● Brown-headed Cowbird - Bullock's Oriole
- Gray-crowned Rosy-Finch Purple Finch Cassin's Finch ■ ■ ■ House Finch
- ● ■ Red Crossbill ● ● ● Pine Siskin

- **Nesting habitat** Pine & juniper
- woodland (E,SW) Meadows (L) Montane shrubland
- Brushy edges Wet meadows (C)
- Brushy areas (W,C)
- Forests, woodlands
- (Oregon race) Mixed forests
- Shrubland (L) Wetlands
- Wetlands, local (E)
- Sagebrush, grasslands (L) Marshes (E) Developed areas
- high desert Forest edges, towns
- Riparian woods (L) Alpine snowfields (C)
- Mixed forest (W.SF) Pine forest (E,C) Developed areas (L)
- Conifer/mixed forest Shruhland (SW) Riparian and developed
- Lesser Goldfinch ■ ■ ● American Goldfinch

Evening Grosbeak

• • House Sparrow

areas (L) Conifer/mixed forest

Conifer forest

# **The Oregon Birding Trails Working Group**

The Oregon Birding Trails Working Group is a coalition of individuals representing a variety of agencies, organizations, and businesses who are dedicated to the development of seven Birding Trails covering the entire state of Oregon. Founding members include:

American Bird Conservancy
Audubon Society of Portland

BOC Advertising

Paradise Birding, LLC

Oregon Department of Transportation

Oregon Field Ornithologists

Oregon State Parks

Oregon Tourism Commission

U.S. Bureau of Land Management

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

U.S. Forest Service

## Primary Project Partners:

**East Cascade Bird Conservancy** 

www.ecbcbirds.org

**National Forest Foundation** 

www.nationalforests.org

**American Bird Conservancy** 

www.abcbirds.org

Leupold & Stevens, Inc.

www.leupold.com



Stellar Jay

## **Current Project Sponsors:**

**Clackamas County Tourism Development Council** 

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www.nwp.usace.army.mil 541-937-2131

**East Cascade Bird Conservancy** 

www.ecbcbirds.org

### **ECBC Mission Statement:**

The East Cascade Bird Conservancy shall support bird conservation by engaging the public in volunteer field studies and by supporting projects that further the knowledge and appreciation of birds and their habitats.

# Join East Cascade Bird Conservancy or Make a Donation

The East Cascade Bird Conservancy is a non-profit organization, we obtain operating funds from grants and contract projects. However, the majority of our funding comes from the dues and tax-free donations provided by our growing membership.

As a member you obtain a copy of our quarterly newsletter and can easily become involved in the many projects we carry out. We offer free training classes in bird identification and free birding field trips. As a member you will be actively supporting a growing conservation organization and help the birds and their habitats.

Contact: ECBC, 16 NW Kansas Ave, Bend, OR 97701 (541) 385-6908 | www.ecbcbirds.org

## Membership

Annual membership dues can be sent any time to our office in Bend. The following membership dues are listed below. As a 501c3 non-profit organization, you are able to deduct any additional donations or contributions from your taxes.

	Student / Senior: \$15		Family: \$35		Life Time: \$400				
	Individual: \$25		Sustaining: \$100						
Van	ne:								
Address:									
)ha	200								
110	ne:								
ma	iil:								
We encourage businesses and corporations to join our organization. Apart from									
accessing our Newsletter we will highlight your business on our web site and in our Newsletters as a thank you for your support. Businesses are able to contribute									
	join the organization at th	-							

■ Benefactor: \$1000

■ Visionary: \$2000

■ Patron: \$500